FEMALE SUFFRAGISTS.

SIXTEENTH ANNUAL SESSION

A Full Attendance-Officers Selected for Another Year-Addresses and Reports Progress Reported.

CHICAGO, Nov. 20 .- The second day's session of the Woman's Suffrage convention at Hersbeh Hall was largely attended. The first business of the Association was reading purts, by delegates from different States and Territories, of the work done dvring the year. Each of the speakers entered into extensive arguments on the subject of woman's right to vote at all. They were emphatic in their opinion that steady progress had been made toward the consummation of their wishes-the right to cast a ballot. In Washington Territory a grand work has been accomplished, the women having been granted by an act of the and fifteen thousand women gave expression to their opinions in the last election. In all cases were the candidates named for office required to take a piedge. Mrs. Lacy Stone spoke in teh of Massachusetts Mrs. Gen. Casement for Ohio, Mrs. Martha A. Dorset for Minnesots, Mrs. Anna Holyoke Howard for New York, Mrs. A. S. White for New Hampshire. Oregon and Washington Territory were represented by H. B. Black-well. At the close of the reports the follow-ing list of names as officers for the ensuing year were submitted; President, Hon. W. Dudley Foulke of Maryland; Chairman of the Executive Committee, Lucy Stone; Foreign Corresponding Secretary, Julia Ward Howe; Corresponding Secretary, H. B. Blackwell; Recording Secretary, Mar-B. Blackwell; Recording Secretary, Margaret W. Campbell; Treasurer, Mrs. Abby I. Cadman. The Convention then adjourned until 2:30 p. m.

The afternoon session was fully attended and the discussions were listened to with parked interest. The first report presented after the recess was one from Kentucky by Mrs. Clay, daughter of Cassius M. Clay, who gave some very encouraging statistics about the status of woman suffrage in that State. This was, of course, interlarded with some choice opinions on things in general. The report was adopted. A report was next beard from Indiana to about the same tune

THE FAT STOCK SHOW.

The Butchers' Last Work A Succesful Exhibition,

CHICAGO, Nov. 20.-The national fat stock show closed this evening. Matters were very quiet there to-day, there being very few visitors. The butchers consumed most of the day in removing dressed carcasses to the long table provided for them in the southeast corner of the building. One-half of each steer was cut into quarters, and the other half cut up into every sort of piece that a butcher ever sells, from a soup piece up. The judges awarded premiums this afternoon. Some of the cattle are to be taken right to New Orleans for exhibition. The show has been not only the finest ex-hibition of stock the world has ever seen, but has come nearer being remunerative than any previous show under the same au-

Quarters for Cleveland.

Washington, Nov. 20.-Friends of Gov. Cleveland have secured for his use for the week preceding the 4th of March next at the Arlington Hotel a suite of rooms, consisting of a parlor and three bed-rooms, located on the second floor, overlooking Vermont avenue and the statue of Gen. McPherson. The rooms selected have been occupied at various times by a number of distinguished men from abroad, among the number being the Prince of Wales, the Grand Duke Alexis of Russia, King Kalakaua of Hawaii, the Emperor Dom Pedro of Brazil, and Gen. Grant upon returning from his trip around the world. Being in an annex of the hotel, the rooms combine the privacy of a private house with the convenience of a hotel.

Russia on the Black Sea.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Nov. 20.-The action of Russia in the Biack Sea is awakening feelings of suspicion here. The greatest activity prevails. Hundreds of men are hard at work on the repairing docks of Sebastopol, and in addition to the six sea-going torpede steamers, which are nearing completion, an order has just been received for the speedy construction of six more. This is a strong fleet for the Black Sea, and its existence is regarded as a menace to England should she seriously contemplate a prolonged stay in

His Body Found.

MILLINGTON, Mich., Nov. 28. - Charles Frink, whose home was about five miles north of this place, has been missing since the 18th, and the mystery of his disappearance is now partially solved by finding his dead body at a spot about half a mile from his home. It is suspected that Le was murdered and a man named William Kenny, of this town, is held on suspicion of being the murderer. This is all that is now known of the affair here, but further particulars will soon be at

The Swain Court-Martial.

Washington, Nov. 20.- The Swain courtmartial to-day granted a re-argument on the denourer to the first specification in the indictment. Mr. Jeff Chandler was admitted as associate Judge Advocate to assist in the proscention. The defense protested against the action as illegal. The remainder of toay's session was devoted to arguments on ensureers. All had not been disposed of then the court adjourned.

... The Fire Fiend.

HATERRILL, Mass., Nov. 20.-The Creighon Home, with stores in the basement, med this morning; loss, \$16,000. The I had twenty nine inmates, who barely siped with their lives. One man out him-flindly by sliding down a telephone wire. bely was wrapped in a sheet and thrown legisher jumped from a fourth story win-

In Hocking Valley.

NEW Bruatmyttan, O., Nov. 20 .- The large and from consputty at inton No. 7, to accom-

A JUROR SICK.

The Trial of the Crouch Case Suspended Malaria the Cause.

Special Dispatch to THE TELEGRAM. Jackson, Nov. 20.-Proceedings in the Crouch case have temporarily ceased on account of the serious illness of Juror Horace Perry, who has malaria and symptoms of typhoid fever. It is thought the trial will have to be commenced anew and a new jury

sistance for the prosecution.

Juror Newcomb Brown arose in his seat plied : and, in a half-humorous vein, said that Perry being a small man didn't get his part of the statement that there was apprehension food. Continuing, Mr. Brown denounced existing among the colored people, that in the food served to the jurors as abominable and he didn't want to stand it. He demand- under the laws and constitution of the Unied new quarters and said the only way he es- | ted States were in danger from the election caped being ill was by not eating the food. of a Democratic president. I am even told Other jurors said they had enough food, but | that some of them are led to suppose that legislature the right to vote. Between twelve | it was not half cooked. The judge promised them a new place.

AGED MRS. POWELL ELOPES.

An Old Woman of Seventy Runs Away With a Dashing Young Peddler.

NEW YORK, Nov. 20 .- Mrs Elizabeth Powell, a woman of seventy years of age, has lived in the village of Farmingdale, Long Island, for the last forty years. Her first husband, Conklin Baylis, died about fifty years ago, and her second husband had separated from her. About three years ago a handsome young peddler named John Bauman engaged lodgings with Mrs. Powell. The neighbors noticed that the peddler paid more attention to the old lady than to his business during the six weeks that he staid there continuously. Some of Mrs. Powell's friends talked with her about her boarder and informed her of the ugly rumors that

were flying around the village.

"You can tell the villagers," Mrs. Powell replied, "that I love Johnny and will marry him if he will have me. The winter is coming on and I'm getting old, and I must have somebody to escort me to the theater and such places."

Her friends were astounded and consulted a physician to ascertain her mental condi-tion. The old lady heard of the action of her friends, and fearing that they might succeed in separating her from her admirer, she started for this city in company with Bauman, where they were married by an Episcopal clergyman. They spent their honeymoon in New York, and Mrs. Bauman returned to the village to close up her affairs preparatory to taking up her residence here. She said she had started Bauman in business in this city, and she informed her friends in the village that she was happy at last. Her grandchildren threaten to have her arrested for bigamy, as she was not divorced from Mr. Powell. She is the sole executrix of her first husband's estate, amounting to about

DE YOUNG WORSE.

Fears of Blood-Poisoning-Spreckels Guarded at Home.

San Francisco, Nov. 20 .- De Young's condition is worse to-night. The physicians fear blood-poisoning. The bullet has been extracted from his arm, but the one in the shoulder still remains. The main artery of the neck is grazed, and to putrify and burst, which in such a contingency would prove fatal. No one but the family and physician is allowed in the room. Young Spreckels is at his father's house and will see no reporters. The front door is guarded by the police. Mr. Adolph, Secretary of the Hawaiian Commercial Company, and a heavy loser by depre-ciation of the stock caused by the Chronicle's article of Sunday charging Speckels with having defrauded the stockholders of one million dollars, has been brooding over the trouble for some days, threatened to attack De Young on Tuesday, but was restrained

by friends.

The case of Seckles in the Police Court was continued until December 1, pending the result of the wounds. Public sympathy is generally in favor of Spreckles. His wound received in the arm from the pistol dis-charged by Emerson, the Chronicle clerk, is triffing. The ball has been extracted. Excitement is subsiding.

Deadly Assault.

CINCINNATI, Nov. 20 .- This morning about 4 o'clock, officers were attracted by loud cries for help from the saloon of Andrew Pepion, on Main street, near Canal. Running in they found Pepion very drunk and flourishing a club. He denied that cries for help came from his place. The officers found in a rear room a man named Ben. Hoffrogue insensible and bleeding profusely from severe wounds on the head. He was removed to the hospital in a critical condition. Pepion was arrested and locked up.

A Noted Case.

Lospos, Nov. 20 .- The breach of promise suit of Miss Finney, better known as Miss Fortescue, against Lord Garmoyle, nicknamed "Gumboyle"," came up in the Court of Queen's Bench to-day. The Attorney-General, in behalf of the defendant, offered \$50,000 and the payment of the costs of the suit to settle the case, adding that Lord Gar-moyle wished to state that Miss Fortescue acted throughout his courtship like a high-minded English gentlewoman. A verdict was rendered accordingly.

The Cause of Navy Frauds.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 20 .- Fourth Auditor Beardsley in his annual report to the Secretary of the Treasury, says that the navy department frauds are attributable to the noglect of several of the bureaus to enforce the law concerning advertising for supplies. The apparent determination of the late itur-geon General to make all purchases personally, is said to have largely contributed to the fraudulent schemes. In three bureaus the from a worth of supplies was purchased from all farms, virtually without competition.

The Canadian Parliament.

Orraws, Ont., Nov. 20. Parliament, it tell Pointenel, of the Red Star Line, from New reported, will meet for the disputch of here mes built by the Colorolius Bucking Cont probably the last named day. It is said the greater part of the session will be devised in the affairs of the Canadian Pacific milway armpany. The report is current is next than the John Mandanaid, now in the seet than the John Mandanaid, now in the seet than

CLEVELAND'S PURPOSE.

THE GOVERNOR INTERVIEWED.

He Says There is No Cause for Alarn Among the Negroes - Slavery Will Not be Restored.

ALBANY, Nov. 20.-Cleveland was asked by a United Press representative to-day if he The trial will cost the county over one was aware of the delusion existing among hundred thousand dollars. W. M. Gibson the colored people of the South that the went to Detroit to-day to look for legal as | change in the administration would unfavorably effect their condition, to which he re-

"Yes; I have been astonished at the some way the rights now secured to them the result of the recent election means that they may again be made slaves. All of this appeared to me to be so absurd and to have been so sure that the slightest int I gent reflection would dis-lodge such foolish fears, that I can hardly deem any notice of them necessary, but there is not the slightest objection to calling the attention of all who are in the least uneasy or uncertain upon this subject, to the fact that the title of the colored people to freedom and all the rights of citizenship cannot be disturbed except by a change in the constitution, which it would be absolutely impossible to make. Besides the present condition, or status, of these people has been so fully accepted by the entire country that no one should have the slightest idea that any attempt will be made to change it if there was any possibility of accomplishing such a thing. So far as the new administration is related to this subject, the whole country can be seen. to this subject, the whole country can be sure that the lawful power and jurisdiction of the Executive will be so exercised that the rights of all citizens, white or black, under the constitution and law will be preserved and protected. All the advantages to which they are entitled by reason of citizenship will be secured to them. There need be no fear that either the Democratic party or its newly elected administration proposes to oppress or en-slave any part of our population nor to destroy the business interests of our country. We hope, on the other hand, to de something to the benefit of the people. It seems to me our efforts in that direction will be aided if mischievous croakings and dark imaginings should give place to earnest endeavor to inspire confidence and to make universal a cheerful hope for the future."

THE DRY GOODS TRADE.

What Leading Merchants of New York Say.

New York, Nov. 20. There was a rumor vesterday that Claffin & Co. had reduced salaries because of the depressed dry goods trade. Manager Robinson said. "It is not true."

"Is the condition of the trade so bad?" "We have had a fair trade. Men who understand the business and who have the necessary capital can make money in dry goods during such seasons."

Mr. Bates, when asked if the dry goods trade had gone to the dogs, replied that it had not. "Certain conditions," he observed, "tended to depress the trade. Lack of rain in the South, and low prices of wheat in the West, discouraged farmers, and they did not buy as many goods. Then the influ ence of the Presidential campaign was bad. We have hopes that spring will bring a revi-

"It is reported that your house and that of Classin and others are going to reduce sal-

That is true. All the jobbers will do so That is true. All the jobbers will do so. The jobbing trade is very different from what it was thirty years ago. There was no end of jobbers then. Now there are only a few, but one house will do as much now as thirty or forty did then. The result has been to increase the experses out of all proportion, so that no new houses are formed now. I am not frightened over the election of a Democratic President, I do not believe the Democrits are free traders, but I believe they will reform some of the admitted evils of our present tariff, to the benefit of the manufacturers as well as the general pub-

From Khartoum.

CAURO, Nov. 20,-Khartoum runners who have just arrived at Dongola say Gordon's command consists of 2,000 Turks and 6,000 blacks, besides a considerable number of Arabs. The price of wheat at Khartoum is \$9 per quarter. Runners from Khartoum, who have arrived at Dongonia, state that news of the advance of the British relief expedition reached that city and is hailed with every manifestation of joy. The streets and hooses were illuminated upon receipt of the intelligence. Gordon, the couriers say, is idolized by every one. His orders are implicitly obeyed.

Three Children Burned.

EAST SAGINAW, Nov. 20.-Near Vassar. Tuscola county, three children named Redder were burned to death this afternoon. They had been left in the house while the parents were busy on the farm. The building caught fire and all were consumed before help could reach them.

A Noted Case for Gresham.

CHICAGO, Nov. 20.-The next trial of the Ker suitagainst the South Park Commissioners will take place before Judge Gresh-am, Dec. 1. The case, it will be remembered, has been tried repeatedly, and as often set ast ie, because of the excessive awards of the

A drutal Negro.

LITTLE ROOK, Ark, Nov. 20,-A brutal murder we / committed here to-night. Har vey John an, colored, out his wife's throat from , ar to ear, then set the house on fire and left her to die. He has not been cap-

A Collision at Bea.

Lowney, Nov. 10 - The Helgian steamer York in Antwerp, came into collision with and such a ship off thantein sands. The crow of the last reset was saved and the Penniand was uninjured.

July Democrats at Totale to the bett been breight. Persian

THE PLENARY COUNCIL.

A Reception by the Catholic Citizens of Baltimore.

Baltimone, Nov. 20.—The members of the Pleanry Council were tendered a reception this evening by the Catholics of Baltimore at Concordia Opera House. The affair was one of the grandest of its kind that ever took place in this city. There were about eight hundred persons present, including archbishops, bishops, heads of orders, mitred abbots, theologians and lesser clergy. The hall was tastefully and beautifully decorated with ferns and flowers, and the stage was a perfect flower garden. At 8 o'clock the assemblage was called to order by Mr. Wm. O'Brien, chairman of the reception committee who introduced Judge Wm. M. Merrick. After welcoming the prelates and members of the conneil in behalf of the Catholics of Baltimore, suige Merrick said that u. e reception had a wholesome significance in that it pount to represent the idea of the cordial reations which exist between the Catholic clergy of America as a body and the Catholic larty as a body. The unity of sentiment, which forms the bond between one and the other of the desire of Catholics to manifest to the world a just sense of the benefits conferred upon society by the Catholic clergy of this country. The Cathohe clergy, while inculcating the precepts of faith, and encouraging the growth of spiritual life, bear the most im-portant part in advancing civilization and in stimulating and promoting learning, and the arts. Nothing is more generally misunderstood, he said, than the teachings and tendencies of the influence of the Cathohe church upon republican institutions. Doubtiess the Plenary Council was looked upon by many with pious alarm lest it prove to be a congress convened to make insidious war against American freedom. In refutation of this idea he said the works of the Congress shine forth in all their proceedings, in laws framed for our Government so that they may tend to the preservation of peace, the promotion of national happiness and the increase of industry, sobriety and useful knowledge, and may perpetuate to us the blessings of equal

hiberty.

Archbishop Williams of Boston, in behalf of the members of the Council responded briefly to the address of welcome. He said. in substance: "The open house of your Archbishop, and the open doors extended on every side, from the clergy to the laity, give evidence of the warm hospitality of the Catholics of Baltimore. Here we find the Mother Church; the place where our first Archbishop, Dwell, labored 100 years ago in his efforts to dissem n t Catholicism in this country. now nobly it has succeeded! '10-day we find his descendant in title presiding over the third Plenary Council, with three church. It is principally due to the advantages of the freedom of this country that has opened its doors to the wandering foreigner. If your cardinal (McCloskey) of New York could have been here to-night he would have been proud to answer this warm hospitality, for which I, in the name of the members of the council, most heartily thank

HENDRICKS IN BROOKLYN.

He Addresses the Citizens of the City of Churches.

New York, Nov. 20 .- Ex-Gov. Hendricks addressed a large audience at Clermont avenue rink, Brooklyn, this evening. Five thousand persons were present. The meeting was called to order by Augustus Van Wyck, chairman of Kings county Democratic Committee, and on his motion ex-Mayor of Brooklyn, Jno. W. Hunter, was chosen to preside. Among the well-known gentlemen present were Congressman Wm. E. Robinpresent were Congressman Wm. E. Robinson, Gen. Ho atio C. King, ex-Adjutan General Woodward, Wm. A. Fury, secretary of the Democratic Campaign Committee of Brooklyn; Henry W. Maxwell, chairman of the Independent Republicaan Committee: ex-senator W. Driggs, Andrew McJean and scores of local political celebritie. A goodly portion of the audience was dies. Hendricks received prolonged chars.

The speech was very lengt of and frequent.

The speech was very lengt s, and frequently interrupted by lond ap; ause. After passing resolutions of than is to ex-Governor Hendricks, the meeting adjourned. During the evening there was a parade of Demo-cratic clubs and the greets were brilliantly

MME. COACHMAN.

The Ex-Miss-Morosini Makes Her Debut in Opera.

New Yor., Nov. 20.-Madame Victoria Schelling Talscamp Morosini made her debut this sening, before a packed audience, in Stei way Hall. She was dressed in an elegan costume of black silk, and sang in a rich and clear, though not powerful, soprano. The dest number was a cavatina from "Erna i," which was received with rounds of applause. In response to an encore she sang "Sleep On." The "Addio del Passata," from "Traviata," a very admirable selection, and admirably rendered. At its conclusion the audience stood up and cheered. In responding to the vociferous applause, Mme. Hulskamp sang "How Could I Leave Thee?" The final number in the program was a duet from "Kucia" by the debutante and Herr Junck, "Kucia" by the decimante and lier survey.
which was also enthusiastically received.
Mme. Hulskamp's voice is a clear, sweet
soprano, of good compass, which would be
admirably fitted for the drawing-room, but which lacks the roundness and vigor required for concert purposes. Many musical critics for concert purposes. Many musical critics in the audience doubt if she will make a success without additional study.

Connecticut's Returns.

HARTFORD, Conn., Nov. 20 .- The Board of Canvassers' official report gives the Connecticut vote as follows: Cleveland 67, 199, Blaine 65,923, St. John 2,305, Butler 1,688, scattering 6. For governor-Waller 67,922, Harrison 66,277, Palmer 2,128, Curtis 1,379, scattering 18, Sumner's (Dem.) plurality for Lieutenant Governor is 25%.

now connected with a watch manufacturing company. As described, the engine is of the upright pattern, and is made of about and gold. It rests on a 25-cent gold pince, and can be worked either by stone or compressed air. The cylinder is a little less than 1-10 of an inch in disputer, with a ittle less than It if of an inch stroke. The minute wheat is 1-2 of an inch in dissection and case make acceptance like 1,000 revelopments on a supplier of the feetpark.

RATHER MYSTERIOUS.

THE ASSAULT UPON MR. STANTON

Some Singular Circumstances About Which People Talked Yesterday No Arrests Made Yet.

The assault made on George W. Stanton. Monday night, on Fulton street, and again on Wednesday night on Jefferson avenue, by the same individual, the latter attack resulting in an exchange of shots to which Mr. Stanton was slightly wounded in the arm and escaped death by the merest accident of the ball striking his watch directly over his heart, was the subject of general discussion thronghout the city yesterday. The most persistent inquiry, saving into pertain matters of a mature so delicate thes the public eye dare not scrutinize them, has thus fur failed to fully establish in the minds of many a reasonable theory for the occurrence, based upon any other ground than that Mr. Stanton knows more of the stranger (?) and the causes which led to the recentre than he cares to make public at present.

The fact of the individual's calling him by name at the time of the first attack, it was remarked, showed an acquaintance on the one side at least, and the fact that Mr. Stanton was armed on Wednesday night, showed that he anticipated the acquaintanceship might be renewed. That Mr. Stanton knew, or strongly suspected he knew who his assailant was, which many believe, is further vouched for by the fact that he followed him after he had been struck by him, into the dark portals of the church, where the shooting was donefirst reports to the contrary notwithstan !ing-a circumstance beyond the range of possibility if the parties were entirely unacquainted, and especially by a gentleman of the standing of Mr. Stanton. Were it otherwise, or were there not a personal feeling in the metter beyond the mere heat of the moment, Mr. Stanton, with his intelligence would have relegated his

assumed power of vengeance to the police. Of course, to explain this view, there are numerous and various surmises and theories. With those who believe that seven-eighths of the troubles man is heir to is caused by archbishops and sixty bishops. What a change in a century! We do not deserve or take all the glory of the spread of the in some way connected with this unpleasantwoman, nothing will satisfy unless a lady is ness. Lending effect to this theory, is the whispered recent engagement of Mr. Stanton to an amiable and handsome young lady of this city, whose charms it is contended has wrought up the green-eyed monster to such a pitch as to have thus jeopardized a man's life. This romantic view cannot be substantiated from anything Mr. Stanton has said, nor has an hour's close conversation with a detective drawn from him anything that would lead to such a description of his adversary as would warrant an arrest.

The public feeling, however, is, that the case should be sifted and Mr. Stanton's antagonist brought to juctice, regardless of puerile feelings or fanciful complications that may possibly arise. In these days when Law and Order Leagues prevail in almost every city to enforce the law, and when the average citizen of this city believes it is, or should be, safe to walk on Jefferson avenue, or any other street, even as late as ten | 121%c bid: 4%'s compone 114 bid. o'clock at night, it will not do to permit this case to stand a precedent for similar or worse affairs. A city's reputation and fair name as a peaceable, law-abiding community when thrown in the scale, far out weighs any private considerations which might possibly lead to unpleasant social relations among a few individuals composing a fractional part of that community. "Let justice be done though the heavens fall."

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

The disease known as "blackleg" is killing off young cattle in Berks County, Pa. By agreement of the Western Association, the capacities of distilleries will be reduced from 36 to 32 per cent.

A Duxbury, Mass., woman, seventy years old, climed a tree the other day to escape from some horses that frightened her. No through clearances on the Illinois and

Michigan Canal will be issued after the 27th inst. The water will be drawn off on Monday, Dec. 1. The low state of the wells in the Comstock (N. H.) district is causing serious sickness; in some places the schools have been closed.

Diphtheria and scarlet fever are claiming

many victims. Contractors of the new Georgia Capitol having decided to use Indiana stone in its construction, an effort was made to have the product of Georgia quarries used instead, but the Legislature, Wednesday, almost unanimously indorsed the selection of the

Van Buren street bridge, Chicago, was run into Wednesday evening by the propeller Rochester, and was so badly damaged that it will be several days before it can be swung for navigation. This will completely stop navigation in the South Branch for an indefinite period.

Minister Morton sailed from New York for Havre Wednesday. Mr. Morton's leave of absence has not yet fully expired, but he considers it proper to return to Paris as quickly as possible in order to minister in person to the wants of Americans residing

there during the present choices epidemic. An unknown disease is decimating house holds in Bucharan, Wise and Dickinson counties, Virginia, where in some instances four corpses have been found under one roof Wells and springs have been absorbed by the drought, and the little water that remains is supposed to be tainted with mineral poisons, which are coming the polyme, which are causing the mortality.

The smallest Engine in the World.

[Philadelphia Press.]

At Baltimore, Wednesday evening, Mr.

[Charles Leopoid called upon Miss Bettie Winterboun, offered his hand in marriage, and to be the smallest in the world, has been made by a watchmaker than drew a pisted from his pocket. The weapon explosed while he was handling it, and the built fatally wounded Mr s W nt r-barren, who, when she regulated convenience of the shoulding was entirely

DESTRUCTIVE FLAMES.

A Kentucky Town Suffers from a Serie

ous Fire. HICKMAN, Ky., Nov. 10.-Last night, while preparations were on foot for a moneter demonstration and torch-light procession, fire broke out in the upper story of the finishing and storage rooms of the Hickman Furniture Factory. Almost before the people could realize the fact the whole eastern portion of the town was in fiames. The destruction was terrible. In a very few minates the furniture warerooms of the large commission house of Hondurant & Drewry, the railroad elevator, two large warehouses occupied by the Hickman wagon factory, the paint shops and all the blacksmith shops of the wagon factory, with their contents, about 2,000,000 feet of lumber in the yards of the furniture factory, were a perfect sea of fire. The less cannot be less than \$125,000. The insurance is very small

Telegraphic communication was cut within five minutes after the fire began. SPARTA.

Correspondence of THE TELEGRAM. SPARTA CENTER, Nov. 20.-The Democrats are billing the town for a grand jollification to morrow night.—To night we have a play, "The Trapper's Daughter," by the Russell & Robinson Wild West Combination.

TRADE AND FINANCE.

Grand Rapids.

TELEGRAM OFFICE, Nov. 20. GRAIN—Corn, 56c. Onts, 256:28c; retail 25c. Wheat: Clauson, 72; red long berry, 74; short berry, 72. Rye, 56 lbs, foscilic.

FLOURAND FEED—Pastry, \$4 30 wholesale; \$2 00 retail; patent, \$5 30 wholesale, \$6 00 retail; mid dlings, per ton, \$16 00 wholesale, \$1 00 per cwt. Brain, per ton, \$18 00 wholesale; \$000cc per cwt. Meal and feed, per ton, \$23 00 wholesale; \$1 25 per cwt.

Phovisions—Beef, per side, \$5 0067 00. Veals \$8 0063 50, scarce. Lambs \$5 0066 50; mutton, \$4 95 50. Dressed hogs, \$5 0065 50. Pork: Per bbl mess, \$16 00; hams, 1854915c; shoulders, 96 10c smoked beef, 16c; bacon, 125c. Lard: Tierces, 10c kettle.

BUFFER AND CHEESE Butter: Tube and jars 200 22c; creamery, tube, 25c. Cheese: Full cream Hige: half cream, 75c.
POULTRY-Spring chicken: Alive, 8610c per B. Fowls: Alive, 765c; dressed, 8610c. Turkeys, Abre, 8610c; dressed, 19612c. Ducks, dressed

12 Ac.

EGGS - Fresh, lots, 22c; basket lots, 22c.

Vegetables - Potatoes: 25@28c; sweet potatoes, per bbl., \$2 50@3 75. Onions: Per bu, yellow, 40c; silver skins, 50@00c. Beets, per bu, 25c. Cabbage, per hundred, \$3 00@5 00. Squash, per hundred, 75@1 00. Turnuss, per bu, 25c. Celery, per doz, 20@25c. Cranberrys, \$5 00 per bu.

Farsa Fattirs - Apples, per bu, 25@40c. Grapes, Kelles Island, 10@125c. ielley Island, 106:1254c. Hoser-White clover, 1254c; dark, 567c; etrak

SALT-Syracuse, barrel, \$1 25; Saginaw, \$1 10. Saxos-Timothy, \$1 3061 75; clover, \$4 1064 ed top, 7561 00. Hims-Green, per ib, ic; part cured, 868%; full cured, 8468%; dry hidre and kips, 86 fle; oalf skins, green or cured, 10c; descon skins, per piece,

SHEEF PELTS—Shearlings or Summer skins, per piece, 10033c; fall pelts, 40970c; Winter pelts, \$1 0001 25. WOOL—Market 365c lower than during the past week, and prices so unsettled as not to warrant a

HAY-\$10@12; baled \$14 per ton wholesale: 800 STRAW—Per load, \$3@4. Wood—Hard, selling at \$2.30 per cord for block, split wood, \$2.75. COAL-Store and nut, \$7.25 per tun; eer and grate, \$7.00 per ton. KEROSENE-Water white, per gallon, 1814; legal

TALLOW-No. 1, 514 65 % c. THE STOCKS.

New York.

NEW YORK, Nov. 20. In Wall street money closed easy at 1% per cent; Exchange closed firm and higher, at 4.81% 621.85% actual rates; 4.80% (24.86 for 60 days', and 4.84% to 4.84% for demand. Governments closed firm; currency 6's, 126 bid; 4's coupons,

Pacific railroad bonds closed as follows: Union Pacific first mortgaged bonds, III to 112; Land grant shonds, 196% bid; sinking funds, 114% bid; Central, 10834 to 10914.

Manipulation is now the controlling element in the market, and fluctuations are chiefly the result of the machinations and tactics of the various cliques. This morning the balls bid prices up in the early dealings, and under the leadership of the grangers, advanced & to 1% per cent. The advance, however, had hardly been recorded when the bears made a raid on some of the leaders, and by noon the whole list was fractionally off from last night's figures. Throughout the afternoon the bears had control, and repeatedly raided the par-ket. The cliques tried to steady the list, but every attempt to check the decline brought out liberal offerings, under which values steadily deprecinted, and at the close of business about the lowest figures of the day were made. The decline ranged from 14 to 2 per cent., and was most marked in the Oroshan. The pocialties were pe-

gated 271,000 shares. GRAIN MARKETS.

glected. There was no feature of interest in con-

nection with the dealings, and no news of any kind tending to influence prices. The sales aggre-

Chicago.

Reported expressly for THE MORNING THE BRAM by L. R. Enton & Co., Commission Morchants, Powers' Opera House block.

The following table exhibits the fluctuations of

Art, Month Openi's Highest Lowest Clos

the Chicago grain markets penturday